

LOOK THROUGH THE  
NEWS COLUMNS OF THE  
SUN AND COMPARE THEM  
WITH THE OTHER PADU-  
CAH PAPERS AND SEE  
WHY

# The Paducah Sun.

THE SUN IS READ EVERY  
DAY IN THE WEEK BY  
MORE PEOPLE IN PADU-  
CAH AND McCRACKEN  
COUNTY THAN ANY OTHER  
PAPER.

VOI XVII. NO. 38.

PADUCAH, KY., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1905.

10 CENTS PER WEEK.

## THE BREVOORT HOTEL BURNS IN CHICAGO

Also Fire In Manufacturing District--  
Loss About \$500,000.

Chicago, Feb. 14.—Fire early this morning completely gutted the Brevoort Hotel, entailing a loss of a quarter of a million.

Three hundred guests had a narrow escape.

There were no fatalities. Many climbed down the fire escapes into the bitter cold, but slightly clad.

Five firemen were injured when the east wall of the hotel fell.

A falling wall struck the LaSalle street theater, damaging the building to the extent of ten thousand dollars. Olive Vail, an actress, climbed down the fire escape and fell ten feet, being slightly injured.

The fire was caused by crossed wires.

Two explosions in the light shaft added to the terror of the guests.

### Another Last Night.

Chicago Feb. 14.—Fire last night destroyed the six-story building at

135-139 Clinton street. The loss is \$200,000. The damage was divided among a large number of small manufacturing concerns, and, agents of eastern manufacturers.

Because of the high wind firemen had a desperate fight to keep the flames within the building in which they originated. The plant of the National Biscuit company adjoining was on fire several times, and nearly every window sill that could be reached by the flames was destroyed. The flames, however, did not penetrate to the interior of the biscuit company's plant.

Great embers were carried for several squares by the wind, and for a time there was danger of a great conflagration in the square in which the fire occurred. Several small fires were started, but all were quickly extinguished. The fire is supposed to have been caused by crossed electric light wires.

## FOR THIRTY MILES STRETCHES GORGE

The Cold Weather Cements Ice  
Closely.

People Crossing the Frozen River at  
Cincinnati With Perfect  
Safety.

### GREAT DAMAGE AT BREAKUP

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 14.—There is no change in the river situation except that the ice is more firmly embedded. A big gorge extends above and below Cincinnati for miles, and is now cemented into a solid jam several feet thick and people are crossing on the ice in perfect safety.

### Thirty Mile Gorge.

Wheeling, West Va., Feb. 14.—An ice gorge thirty miles long and from ten to a hundred feet deep, blocks the channel of the Ohio immediately south of this city.

When it breaks it will leave a trail of destruction behind.

### RELIEF SENT

To Passengers Who Have Been In  
Snow Drift Since Friday.

Nevada, Mo., Feb. 14.—The Missouri Pacific sent a relief train from the Nevada headquarters yesterday for Butler, supplied with provisions and eatables. It goes to relieve a passenger train on the interstate line that has been blocked in eight feet of snow since Friday night between Madison and Gridley Kansas. Nothing has been heard from the crew in nearly twenty hours. There are no telegraphic communications on account of broken wires.

## PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT MAKES GREAT SPEECH

New York, Feb. 14.—As guest of honor at the Lincoln dinner of the Republican club in this city last night President Roosevelt made a speech on the race problem. He appealed to the north to make its friendship to the south all the greater because of the embarrassment of conditions for which she is not alone responsible, declared that the heartiest acknowledgments are due to the ministers, law officers, grand juries, public men and great daily newspapers in the south who have recently done much effective work in aiding the crusade against lynching, and said that the problem was to "adjust relations between the races of different ethnic type that the backward race may be trained so that it may enter into possession of true freedom, while the for-

ward race is enabled to preserve unharmed the civilization wrought out by its forefathers."

Following the president Senator Dooliver, of Iowa, responded to a toast "Abraham Lincoln." George A. Knight, of California, spoke on "The Republican Party," and James M. Beck, former assistant attorney general of the United States, on the "Union of the Republic."

The dinner was held in the main banquet room of the Waldorf-Astoria, and in the number of guests and elaborateness of decorations is believed to have exceeded any function of its character ever held in New York.

The guests numbered more than thirteen hundred. The president was introduced by Louis Stein, president of the Republican club.

## CROSSED CHANNEL IN A BIG AIRSHIP

Record Broken Between London  
and Paris.

Minister to China to Sail—Turkey  
Reported to Be Getting Ready  
For War.

### PARLIAMENT OPENED TODAY

Paris, Feb. 1.—The aeronauts, MM. Menier, Jacques Faure and Herbert, yesterday made an ascent in their airship from the Crystal palace at London at a quarter to 7 in the evening. They passed over the channel at a speed of 70 miles an hour and arrived at 1 o'clock in the morning at St. Denis, near Paris, beating the previous record for an air voyage between London and Paris.

### Minister Conger to Sail.

Manila, Feb. 14.—Edwin H. Conger American minister to China, will sail on February 15 for Japan, where he will complete his vacation. He will then return to his post at Peking.

### To Appeal to Court.

Florence, Feb. 14.—After a conference with lawyers representing the Countess Montignoso, (former wife of Frederick Augustus, king of Saxony), Dr. Koerner, sent here in the interest of King Frederick to demand that the countess relinquish to the former the custody of her child Princess Anna, decided to take steps before the Italian courts for the accomplishment of his errand.

### Turkey Getting Busy.

London, Feb. 14.—The Times, Sofia correspondent says: Rapid progress of Turkish military preparations attracted attention here. War material is being constantly dispatched from Constantinople to Salonica and Adrianople. Fifty quick fire guns recently arrived at Monastir. Large supplies of uniforms have been ordered for reserves.

### CUMBERLAND ICE.

Great Volume of Both Pass Smithland.

Smithland, Ky., Feb. 14.—The greatest volume of ice ever seen in the Cumberland river has just come out into the Ohio in a swift current, carrying before it everything along the shores that had not been hauled on shore. A huge raft, containing several thousand feet of logs, was broken to pieces in front of town. The gorges, which formed at Nashville, broke loose thirty hours before it reached the mouth of the river, and the swell in the river will enable the boats in that trade to resume traffic.

### MORE INDICTMENTS

Against Alleged Grifters in the State  
of Oregon.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 14.—The federal grand jury yesterday returned an indictment charging United States Senators Mitchell, Congressman John N. Williamson and Binger Hermann and others with having attempted to defraud the government of the United States of the possession and use of and title to 600,000 acres of land situated in various states and territories of the nation and of the total value of more than \$3,000,000.

### A Strange Suicide.

Paris, Ky., Feb. 14.—A strange story of suicide comes from Ruddle's Mills, this county. Rufus Sharp, a young weak-minded farmer, died under suspicious circumstances after making a request that an autopsy be performed on his body by Dr. Keller. This was done, revealing the presence in the stomach of fifty-nine nails of different sizes, screws and pins. Sharp had been swallowing these articles at different times for a month, saying he wanted to commit suicide that way.

The autopsy was performed in the presence of eight responsible witnesses.

### Forty Were Hanged.

Berlin, Feb. 14.—The Berliner Zeitung reports that forty men have been hung at Warsaw for participating in the street demonstration.

## REPULSES SCORED BY BOTH ARMIES

Russians Driven Back From  
Walto Shan.

The Japs Attack Mansheimpao Yesterday and Were Repulsed  
With Heavy Losses.

### ST. PETERSBURG STRIKE OVER

Tokio, Feb. 14.—A report from Field Marshal Oyama's headquarters states that the Russians twice shell and finally attacked Walto Shan yesterday, but were repulsed. Small bodies of Japanese attacked Laptai and Hanshanti and were repulsed.

### Left Many Dead.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 14.—General Sakharoff reports that Japs attacked Nansheimpao yesterday but were repulsed, leaving many dead.

### Japs Estimate Losses.

Tokio, Feb. 14.—The Japanese estimate the Russian losses at Haikou-tai January 16 at twenty-five thousand killed and wounded.

### Artillery Duels Now.

Kuroki's Headquarters, via Syvia, Fusan, Feb. 14.—Japanese artillery which seldom replied to Russian bombardment during the preceding three months, has become more active and artillery duels along some portions of the front occur almost daily.

### Siege of Vladivostok.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 14.—The general staff attaches no importance to a Japanese offensive movement reported by Gen. Kuropatkin, and believes it is probably in the nature of a harassing movement to interfere with entrenchment operations.

According to reports from Huan-shan, "both armies are devoting feverish attention to the strengthening of the fortifications which have grown up since the battle of Shakhe."

The Japanese measures for the blockade of Vladivostok, such as darkening the lighthouses and guarding the straits excite no alarm, and officers point out that the number of vessels which succeed in evading blockaders are filling the fortress with ample stores for the possible contingency of a siege. The elevation of the Vladivostok fortress to the first rank shows that Russians expect it will play an important role the coming summer, but no one predicts when the siege will begin.

Gen. Gripenberg, former commander of the second Manchurian army, is resting in his doctor's hands near Irkutsk, Siberia. The emperor has sent an aide de camp to the general to receive important documents which Gen. Gripenberg intended to personally hand to the emperor.

### Trouble At Lodz.

London, Feb. 14.—The Times has a dispatch from Berlin stating that according to a telegram from Lodz, Poland, a collision between the crowds and troops occurred in five different quarters of the town. One report says 42 were killed but the real number is believed to be far greater. Over two hundred were wounded. The strikers used revolvers against the troops.

### Last Vestige of Strike.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 14.—The last visible sign of the great St. Petersburg strike disappeared today when the employees of the Putiloff Iron works returned to work.

## TODAY'S MARKETS

Wheat—	Open.	Closed.
May	1.17 1/2	1.18
July	1.01 1/2	1.01 1/2
Corn—		
May	46 1/4	47 1/4
Oats—		
May	30 3/4	31 1/4
Pork—		
May	12.90	12.90
Cotton—		
Mar	7.29	7.32
May	7.37	7.35
July	7.43	7.40
Aug.	7.36	7.45
Stocks—		
I. C.	1.58 1/4	1.57 1/4
L. & N.	1.37 1/4	1.37 1/4

## RODE SEVENTY-FIVE MILES TO MARRY

Hard But Successful Trip Undertaken by Montana Girl.

Ohio Woman Taking Outdoor Treatment—Sleeps in Open Air With Mercury at 20 Below.

### SICK GIRL SLEPT ON THE ROOF.

Great Falls, Mont. Feb. 14.—Undaunted by failure to secure the consent of her parents for a quiet home wedding, and determined to marry the young man she loved, Miss Florence Zellmer rode seventy-five miles on a pony from the southeastern part of Cascade county to Great Falls, reaching this city in company with her flame, Adolph Anderson.

T. J. Zellmer, the girl's father, had telephoned Chief of Police Cook requesting the arrest of young Anderson on the charge of eloping with his daughter.

About an hour later Anderson and the girl appeared at Clerk Proctor's office and secured the marriage license. Miss Zellmer said she was eighteen years old and Chief Cook declined to take action.

### Sleeps in Open Air.

Bellefontaine, O., Feb. 14.—Mrs. R. U. Graham is taking a course of outdoor treatment under the care of specialists and sleeps out of doors at night. The climate here was not considered sufficiently rigorous, and she is pursuing the custom in New York state, and a few nights ago slept in the open air with the thermometer registering 20 degrees below zero.

### Remarkable Cure.

New York, Feb. 14.—Miss Lora Graves, of Orange, has been cured of consumption by the open air treatment. She slept on the roof of her home during the blizzard as comfortably as though she were housed in a palace. Saved from the last stage of tuberculosis and now a strong, healthy woman, she calmly went to sleep while the thermometer touches zero and the wind blew around her in a gale.

### Tobacco Rule to Be Enforced.

Annapolis, Md., Feb. 14.—Since the dismissal of Midshipman E. C. Weller of New York from the third class at the naval academy the old question of smoking, which caused his downfall, has been revived, and a strenuous crusade started against this breach of the academy regulations.

A special order was read at formation today and posted on the order boards in the midshipmen's quarters. The order states that any further use of tobacco by others than members of the first class will be met with immediate dismissal from the institution. Since Midshipman Weller's dismissal from the academy over a score of midshipmen have been caught in their first offense and sent to the prison ship Santee.

A second offense by these youths or a further offense by any who have previously been punished for smoking, will result in immediate dismissal.

### Was 119 Years Old.

Alexander, Ind., Feb. 14.—Alexander Ferguson, aged 119, the oldest man in Indiana, died at his home, seven miles east of Alexandria. A wife, aged eighty, and a family of adult children survive. Ferguson resided in the United States one hundred years.

Manchester, England, Feb. 14.—A cotton trade circular issued this morning says that thirty new cotton spinning mills are being built in Lancashire. The capital of the new mills is fifteen million dollars, and seven thousand operatives will be employed.

### Anarchist Gets 12 Years

Madrid, Feb. 14.—The court today sentenced Anarchist Gil, arrested last September for plotting against the life of Premier Maura, to twelve years' imprisonment.

### To Send Inspectors.

Madrid, Feb. 14.—A hundred workmen will shortly be sent to America by the department of public works to make a two-years study of the method of public works in American cities.

## SULLIVAN AND HEARST SHOCK THE HOUSE

The Most Exciting Scene In Congress In  
Many Years.

Washington, Feb. 14.—Not in recent years had the house witnessed such a spectacle as yesterday with Messrs. Sullivan of Massachusetts, and Hearst of New York, as the central figures. Both indulged in personalities of the gravest character and so stirred the house as to arouse among members a feeling of indignation. Sullivan heaped upon Hearst a tirade of denunciation, while the latter by implication charged Sullivan with complicity in murder.

The affair grew out of a recent discussion of the freight rate question in the house when Mr. Sullivan inquired of Mr. Lamar of Florida, who was scoring the Hearst bill, why Mr. Hearst did not defend his own bill. This was followed by a criticism of Sullivan in the New York American Journal. Several appeals were made to Speaker Cannon to cause the two men to desist in their abuse of each other, but Speaker Cannon allowed them to proceed. Sullivan entirely concluded but in the case of Hearst the speaker, on reconsideration, noting the temper of the house decided that an accusation of homicide against a fellow member was not parliamentary, because it was calculated to provoke disorder and disturbance. Almost immediately thereafter Hearst took his seat hurling defiance and declared that it would be his pride to continue his hostility to individuals such as he charged Sullivan to be.

Mr. Hearst arose to reply at once after Sullivan took his seat. He had to wait some minutes for order. His reply was brief, the sensational part being contained in the concluding sentence, virtually charging Sullivan with being a murderer.

Sullivan after the house adjourned, said he would take the floor today and answer the reflection on him contained in Hearst's speech.

## WESLEYAN COLLEGE BURNED LAST NIGHT

Methodist Institution at Winchester Burned.

The Loss Will Reach \$75,000, With  
Only the Sum of \$25,000 of  
Insurance.

### NO ONE WAS INJURED IT SEEMS.

Winchester, Ky., Feb. 14.—The Kentucky Wesleyan College burned this morning with a loss of seventy-five thousand dollars. Nothing was saved. It was the official school of the Southern Methodist church of Kentucky and West Virginia. There was twenty-five thousand dollars insurance on the building. The fire originated from the furnace.

The college was one of the finest

Sullivan took the floor immediately after the reading of the journal at noon yesterday. He read an article in the New York American, to which he had taken offense. This, he said, touched him in his representative capacity, and was a deliberate insult from one member of the house to another.

At this point Mr. Robinson of Indiana, interrupted to make the point of order that Sullivan was violating the rules of the house.

Mr. Cannon read his ruling governing the point and Sullivan proceeded, but with such vigorous denunciation as again to bring forth another point of order from Robinson. Speaker Cannon said he would have to hear the words read again. He sent for Sullivan's manuscript and the reading clerk slowly repeated the paragraph questioned. This paragraph scathingly assailed the presidential aspirations of the gentleman from New York. Speaker Cannon ruled the speech in order and no further interruptions were made.

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and best known in the state, and many pupils attended it. Everyone escaped from the burning building, and no one was hurt.

### TO INQUIRE

Into the Charges of Graft and Corruption.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 14.—There is considerable excitement among members of the legislature over the announcement by State's Attorney Hatch, of Sangamon county that he will investigate former Representative Comerford's charges of legislative corruption.

Hatch, as assistant United States district attorney, made a record in breaking up a band of pension swindlers in Jefferson county, Ill.

### SIXTEEN HURT.

Dispatcher Knew the Wreck Would Occur, But Could Not Prevent.

Peru, Ind., Feb. 14.—Sixteen trainmen were badly injured by a wreck between a freight and work train on the Lake Erie and Western railway. The train dispatcher knew the wreck would occur, but could not reach the trains by wire.

## NOTHING LIKE IT SEEN IN MANY LONG WINTERS

Chicago, Feb. 14.—Not during the last six years has the equal of the present cold weather been experienced in the west, and in many places so much low temperature has been recorded since the establishment of weather bureaus.

The area of the cold wave extends from Canada to the gulf and from the Rock Mountains to the Atlantic. All through the south anywhere from zero to forty-five degrees below, the latter mark being scored at Richland Center, Wis. Trains everywhere in the west and northwest are two to twelve hours late and because of the packing of the fine snow in cuts, it is expected that it will be several days before roads are able to restore schedules.

The cold wave has spread with great speed all over the south accompanied by heavy snowfalls in Mississippi, Alabama and Tennessee. Railroad traffic is seriously hindered in the central and northern parts of Mississippi. Tie up of railroads was today almost complete. Expectation at Atlanta's breaking the wire blockade of the last week was shattered and but four wires were in operation out of the city. The only cheering

news from the entire south came from western and southern Texas, where a slight moderation in temperature was reported.

A general warming up is noticeable in the northwest. St. Paul showing four below last night compared with 25 below 24 hours earlier. In Canadian northwest and throughout Montana, six to thirty above was shown last night. The rising temperature is accompanied by some snow.

Temperatures last night in the principal cities of the west and northwest were: Bismarck 22 above, Cheyenne 24, Cleveland 6, Denver 32, Detroit below, Indianapolis 10, Chicago 15 below, Kansas City 0, Cincinnati 0, Duluth below, Milwaukee 8, New Orleans above, St. Louis 9, Omaha 2 above.

From western Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska come reports of temperatures ranging from 20 to 25 below. All through these states the month of January was the coldest known since the establishment of the weather bureau, and February has so far shown equal severity.

All through Minnesota, Wisconsin and northern Michigan the mercury ranged from 20 to 45 below zero.